

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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VFX2
DUAL-CHANNEL
FILTER/CROSSOVER

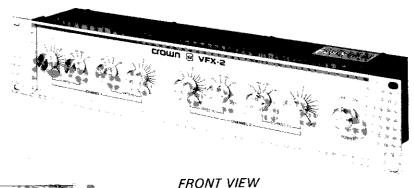
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SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION





REAR VIEW

FIGURE 1-1 VFX2 DUAL-CHANNEL FILTER/CROSSOVER

1.1 SCOPE OF MANUAL

This manual is intended to provide the user necessary technical information required to operate the CROWN VFX2 Dual-channel Filter/Crossover unit properly and to maintain the unit in optimum operating condition.

The manual is comprehensive, containing a physical description of the VFX2, electrical and mechanical specifications, complete installation and operating instructions, a detailed circuit description, test procedures and service policies. Also included are a complete parts list and the associated VFX2 schematic to assist in identification of parts and understanding the functional operation of the VFX2.

A thorough reading of this manual and strict adherence to the instructions, procedures and cautions will assure many years of professional quality service and listening enjoyment from your CROWN VFX2 Dual-Channel Filter/Crossover.

1.2 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The CROWN Model VFX2 is a dual-channel filter/crossover unit specifically designed to provide continuously variable filters to perform either high

pass/low pass or bandpass functions in professional or commercial sound, or home "hi-fi" applications. The VFX2 is a compact, ruggedly constructed unit designed to fit a standard 19" rack mount (W.E. hole spacing) and occupies only $3\frac{1}{2}$ " of vertical rack space. Maximum depth from the mounting surface is $5\frac{3}{4}$ ". The chassis is all aluminum black and satinized anodized and the entire unit weights only 6 pounds.

Front panel controls are four sets of range/vernier knobs for the **HI** and **LOW PASS Hz** setting of the filters in the two audio channels and a rotary **POWER** ON-OFF switch.

Rear panel controls are a screwdriver-adjustable **LEVEL** (attenuator) control and a mode switch for selecting either **CROSSOVER** (low pass) or **FILTER** (bandpass) outputs for each audio channel.

Rear panel connectors include a variable gain bridging input for each channel in addition to the unity gain unbalanced input. Output connectors, both high pass and low pass, are provided for inverted and non-inverted (**NORMAL**) modes. An AC line fuse to protect the unit and the power transformer are also located on the rear panel.

1.3 SPECIFICATIONS

VFX-2

Dual Channel Variable Electronic Filter-Crossover

Frequency Response ±0.1dB 20Hz to 20KHz with IHF load

Typically ±0.2dB 2Hz to 58KHz with IHF load, ±0.5dB 18Hz to 38KHz with 600 ♀ load

All tests with filters flat and at rated output. (See graph)

Phase Response See graph.

Output 10V Maximum before overload, 2.5V rated

50 $\boldsymbol{\varrho}$ output impedance accepts 600 $\boldsymbol{\varrho}$ load (typically 6.4V maximum into 600 $\boldsymbol{\varrho}$)

All outputs available in normal (non-inverted) and inverted modes.

Inputs Two types per channel:

Transformerless bridging input with \(\frac{1}{2} \)" phone jack or attenuator, 20K ohm bal-

anced, 10K ohm unbalanced

OR

Unity gain input ¼" phone jack, 1M ohm unbalanced. For balanced input common

mode rejection see graph.

Gain 0-15.5dB from balanced/unbalanced input

Hum and Noise More than 100dB below rated output with 0dB gain, 20Hz to 20KHz.

All tests with filters flat.

Distortion IM distortion less than 0.01% at rated output.

IHF or 600 a with filters flat or set at 20Hz and 20KHz (See graph).

Filters Separate 18dB Butterworth Highpass and Lowpass Filters with adjustable corner

frequencies. Can be internally cascaded to form band pass and band reject

filters. (See graph)

Semiconductor Complement

10 integrated circuits (20 operational amplifiers equivalent to 400 transistors and

40 diodes) for a total of 402 transistors, 2 zeners and 56 diodes.

Power Requirements 2 Watts 120 VAC or 240 VAC 50-400Hz

Fusing For 120 VAC use 3 AG 1/8 Amp 250 VAC fuse

(For 240 VAC use AGC 1/16 Amp 250 VAC fuse)

Controls Range and vernier controls for corner frequencies and power switch are on-

front panel.

Screwdriver-adjustable input attenuator on rear panel.

Connectors Inputs — 3 conductor ¼" phone jack balanced/unbalanced

2 conductor \(\frac{1}{4} \) phone jack unbalanced unity gain

Outputs — 2 conductor ¼" phone jack

AC line — Three wire (grounded) male connector on 5 ft. minimum cable

Chassis Finish All aluminum black and satinized anodized

Dimensions 19" standard rack mount (W.E. hole spacing), 31/2" height, 53/4" maximum depth

(from mounting surface)

Weight 6 lbs.

1.4 WARRANTY

CROWN guarantees this equipment to perform as specified. CROWN also warrants the components and workmanship of this equipment to be free from defects for a period of 3 years from date of purchase.

This warranty does not extend to fuses, and/or component or equipment damage due to negligence, misuse, shipping damage or accident; or if the serial number has been defaced, altered or removed.

A copy of the FULL THREE-YEAR WARRANTY is in-

cluded with this manual. The WARRANTY is subject to the conditions contained therein. Upon receipt of the registration form, CROWN will issue a WARRANTY TITLE. This title applies to the original endpurchaser as well as subsequent purchasers.

You, the purchaser(s), are responsible for accurate, complete records (sales slips, invoices, etc.) for FULL coverage!

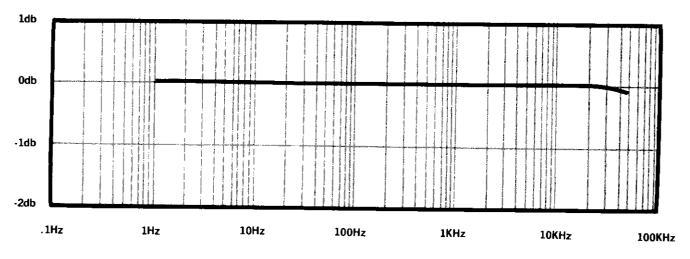


FIGURE 1-2 TYPICAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE: IHF LOAD AT RATED OUTPUT

DEGREES

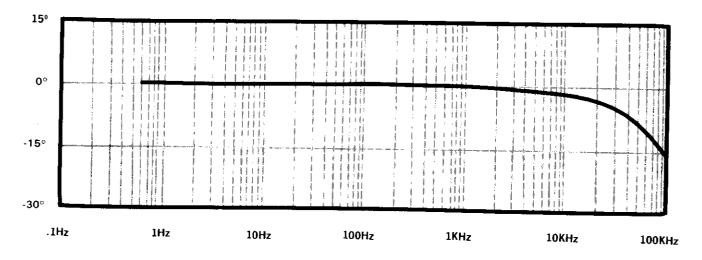


FIGURE 1-3 TYPICAL PHASE RESPONSE: NO FILTERS

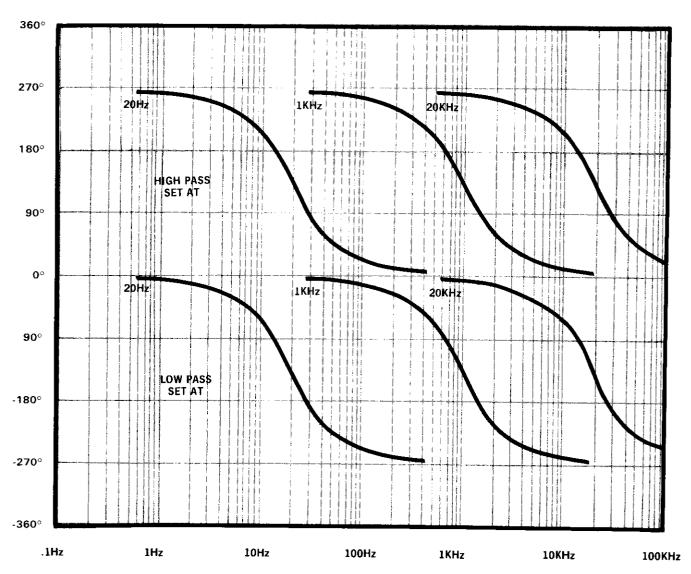


FIGURE 1-4
TYPICAL PHASE RESPONSE: HIGH AND LOW PASS FILTERS

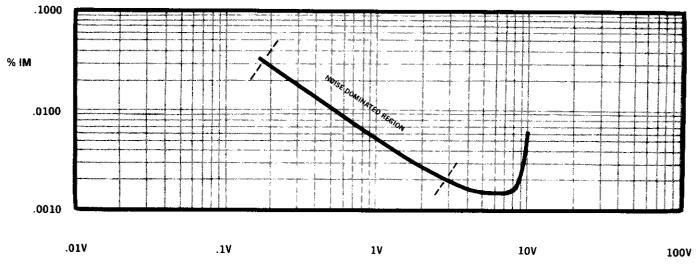
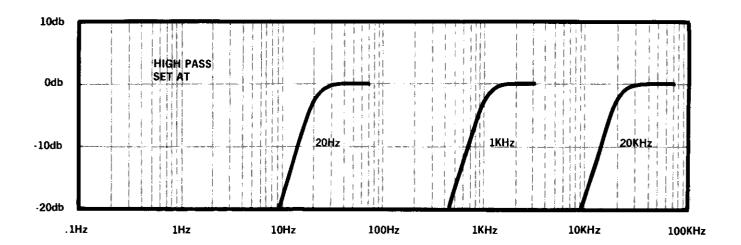


FIGURE 1-5 % IM DISTORTION — ALL CONTROLS FLAT WITH IHF LOAD



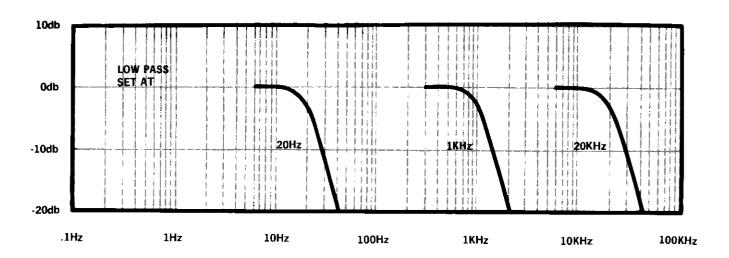


FIGURE 1-6 TYPICAL FILTER CURVES

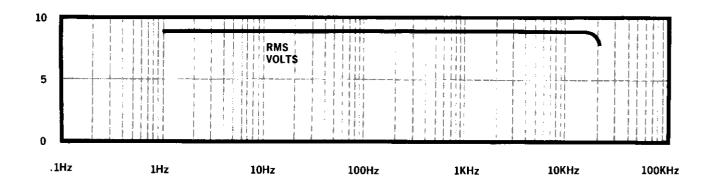


FIGURE 1-7 TYPICAL MAXIMUM OUTPUT; IHF LOAD

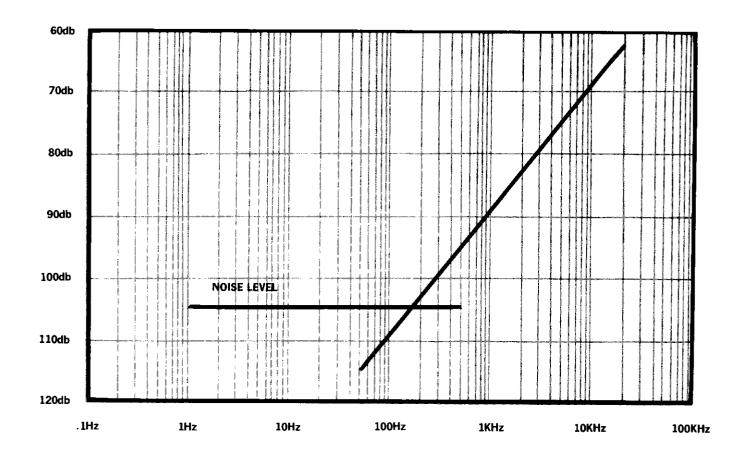


FIGURE 1 - 8
TYPICAL COMMON MODE REJECTION

SECTION 2

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

2.1 GENERAL

This section contains information for unpacking the unit, reporting procedures for damaged shipments, mounting instructions, cabling diagrams for various operational modes and a description of control functions and settings.

2.2 UNPACKING

Immediately upon receipt of the VFX2 shipment, inspect the unit for any damage incurred in transit. The unit was carefully inspected and tested and left the factory unmarred. Notify the transportation company immediately if any damage is found. Only the consignee may initiate a claim with the carrier for damage during shipment. However, CROWN will cooperate fully in such an event. Be sure to save the carton as evidence of damage for the shipper's inspection.

CROWN recommends that you save the packing materials, even if the unit arrives in perfect condition. They will prove valuable in preventing damage should there be occasion to transport or ship the unit. Both the carton and internal pack are specifically designed for protection during transit. **Do not ship the unit without this factory pack!**

2.3 MOUNTING

The VFX2 is specifically designed for standard 19" rack mounting, but may be custom mounted if sufficient support is provided. Refer to Figure 2-1 for mounting dimensions.

Supplied with the VFX2 is a decorative smoked acrylic overlay. The overlay functions as a protective shield preventing the front panel control settings from being accidentally bumped.

The VFX2 can be mounted to the rack or cabinet by using the 10-8 adapter stud supplied. The overlay then fits over the stud and is secured by black dress nuts.

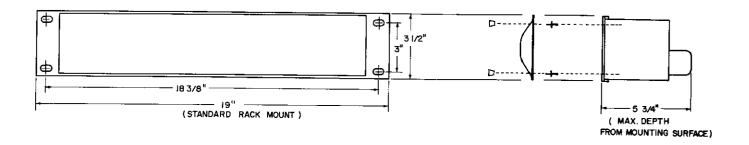


FIGURE 2-1 MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

V FX 2 INPUT - OUTPUT

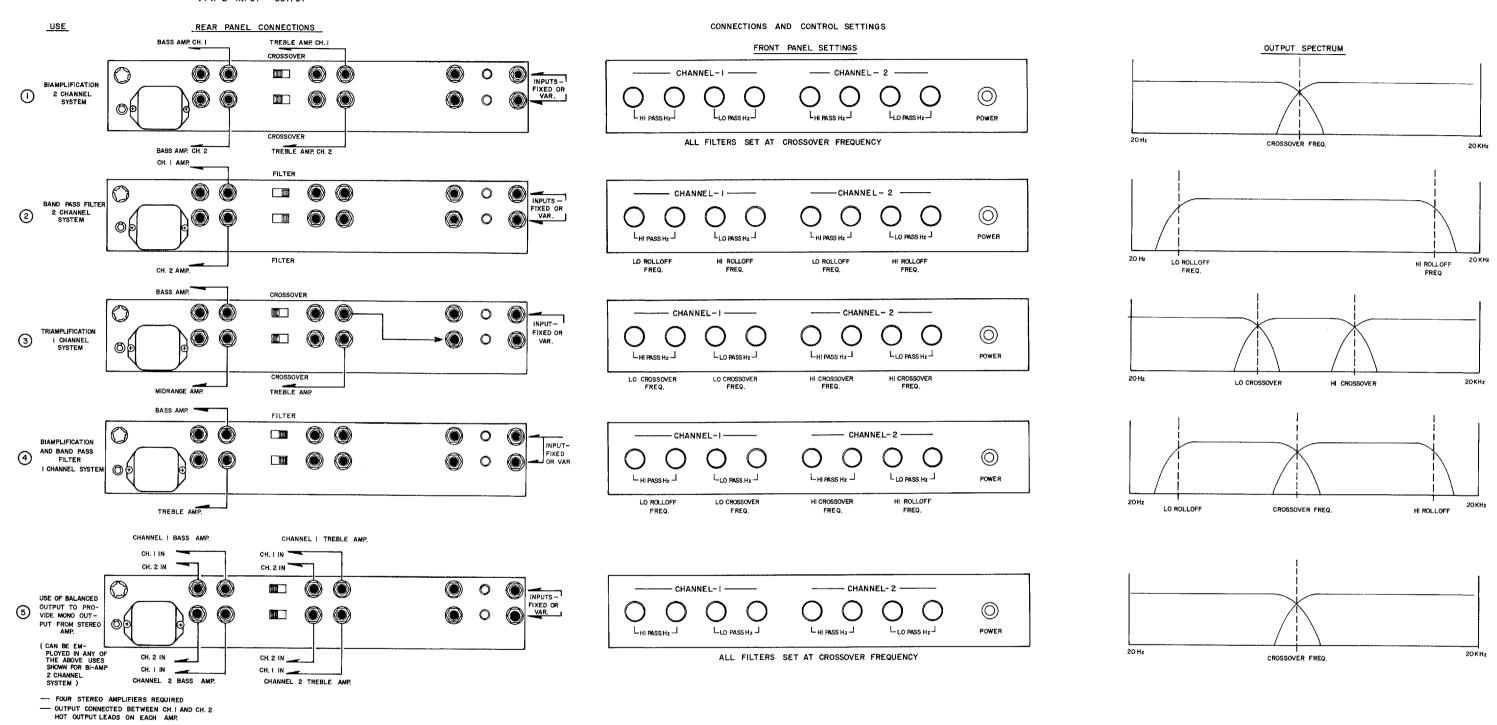


FIGURE 2-2
TYPICAL SYSTEM CONFIGURATION & CABLES

2.4 INSTALLATION

These paragraphs describe the most common system configurations for the VFX2 Dual-Channel Crossover/Filter, provide cabling diagrams and control settings for these system configurations and detail the various types of inputs and outputs available for use with the VFX2.

2.4.1 Cabling

Refer to Figure 2-2.

2.4.2 Input Connections

Three types of inputs, balanced, unbalanced and a unity gain unbalanced input, may be used with the VFX2. Details are shown below.

a. Balanced Input

Refer to Figure 2-3. To form a balanced input for the VFX2, connect one side of a balanced line to the **tip** of a 3-conductor, ¼" phone plug, connect the second side of the balanced line to the **ring** of the phone plug and the ground or center tap to the **barrel** of the phone plug. For standardization, assume tip is in phase (+) with output signal; ring is out of phase (-) with output signal. Insert the phone plug into the **(BALANCED)** input jack on the rear panel of the VFX2 (Refer to Figure 2-6). The gain of the channel is adjustable using the **LEVEL** (Attenuator) control.

b. Unbalanced Input

Refer to Figure 2-3. To form an unbalanced input for the VFX2 (with attenuation available), connect the "signal" line to the **tip** of a 3-conductor, ¼" phone plug, and connect the "ground" line to the **barrel** of the phone plug. Insert the phone plug into the **(BALANCED)** input jack on the rear panel of the VFX2 (Refer to Figure 2-6). The gain of the channel is adjustable using the **LEVEL** control.

CAUTION: Be certain that the **ring** of the phone plug is left open. (Do not connect anything to it.) Failure to observe this precaution can cause latch-up of the VFX2 output, with high impedance unbalanced inputs.

c. Unity Gain Unbalanced Input

Refer to Figure 2-4. To form a unity gain unbalanced input for the VFX2, wire a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug as described in paragraph **b.** above. Insert the phone plug into the **UNITY GAIN** input jack on the rear panel of the VFX2. The **LEVEL** (attenuator) control, adjacent to the **UNITY GAIN** jack, is inoperative in this application.

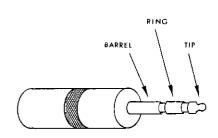


FIGURE 2-3 PHONE PLUG, 1/4", 3-CONDUCTOR

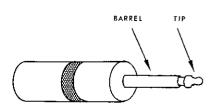


FIGURE 2-4 PHONE PLUG, ¼", 2-CONDUCTOR

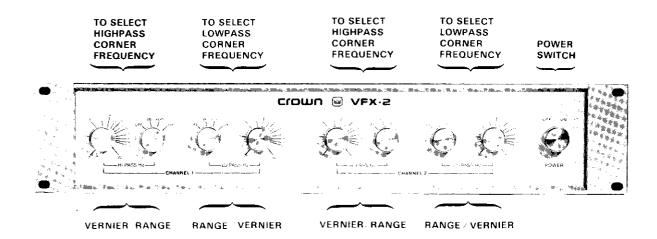


FIGURE 2-5 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

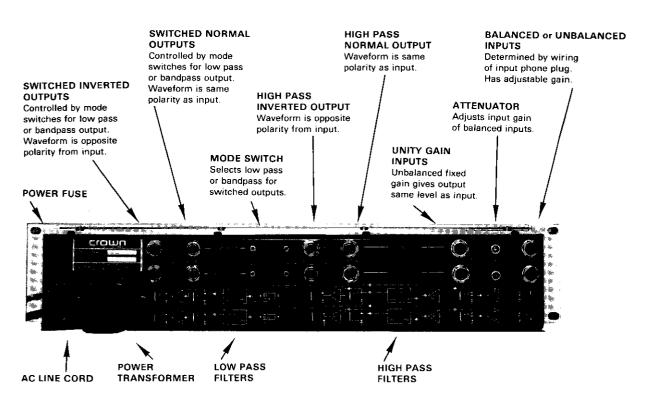


FIGURE 2-6
REAR PANEL CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

2.4.3 Output Connections

Six outputs (high pass, low pass and bandpass — both balanced and unbalanced) are available from the VFX2. Details are described below.

a. Unbalanced High Pass Output

To pick up an unbalanced high pass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into the **HIGH PASS NORMAL** output jack on the rear panel of the VFX2.

b. Balanced High Pass Output

To pick up a balanced high pass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into both the **HIGH PASS NORMAL** and the **HIGH PASS INVERTED** phone jacks. The **tips** of the two ¼" phone plugs become the two sides of the balanced line. The barrels become the ground or center tap.

c. Unbalanced Low Pass Output

To pick up an unbalanced low pass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into the **LOW PASS NORMAL** output jack on the rear panel of the VFX2 and set the MODE switch to **CROSSOVER (LOW PASS)**.

d. Balanced Low Pass Output

To pick up a balanced low pass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into both the **LOW PASS NORMAL** and the **LOW PASS INVERTED** phone jacks on the rear panel of the VFX2. The **tips** of the two ¼" phone plugs become the two sides of the balanced line. The barrels become the ground or center tap. Set the MODE switch to **CROSSOVER (LOW PASS)**.

e. Unbalanced Bandpass Output

To pick up an unbalanced bandpass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into the **LOW PASS NORMAL** phone jack on the rear panel of the VFX2. Set the MODE switch to **FILTER (BANDPASS)**.

f. Balanced Bandpass Output

To pick up a balanced bandpass output from the VFX2, insert a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug wired as shown in Figure 2-4, into both the **LOW PASS NORMAL** and the **LOW PASS INVERTED** phone jacks on the rear panel of the VFX2. The **tips** of the two ¼" phone plugs become the two sides of the balanced line. The barrels become the ground or center tap. Set the MODE switch to **FILTER (BANDPASS)**.

2.4.4 Glossary of Filter Terms

a. Crossover Network

A selective network used to divide the audio frequency output of an amplifier into two or more bands of frequencies. The band below the crossover frequency is fed to the woofer loudspeaker, while the high-frequency band is fed to the tweeter. Also called dividing network and loudspeaker dividing network.

b. Crossover Frequency

The frequency at which a dividing network delivers equal power to the upper and lower frequency channels when both are terminated in specified loads.

c. Bandpass Filter

A filter that transmits alternating signals whose frequencies are between given upper and lower cutoff values, while substantially attenuating all frequencies outside this band.

d. Corner Frequency

A frequency at which the filter goes from a condition of passing the signal unattenuated to "rolling off" or attenuating the signal according to its frequency. It is also sometimes referred to as the "cutoff" frequency or the "break" frequency. It is also defined as 3dB below the maximum output.

2.5 OPERATION

Most modes of operation depend upon the selection of various input and output combinations which are required by a specific system configuration. The following notes apply to input selection.

- a) A balanced input must be inserted into the (BALANCED) INPUTS on the VFX2 rear panel. See paragraph 2.4.2 a for wiring a balanced input phone plug. A balanced line input has an adjustable attenuation (LEVEL) potentiometer adjacent to the input jack.
- **b)** An unbalanced input may be inserted into the (BALANCED) INPUTS or the UNITY GAIN INPUTS on the VFX2 rear panel. See paragraph 2.4.2 b for wiring an unbalanced input phone plug. An unbalanced input, connected to the (BALANCED) INPUT jacks, has a variable attenuation (LEVEL) potentiometer. When the unbalanced input is connected to the UNITY GAIN INPUT jacks, the variable attenuator (LEVEL) adjustment is removed from the circuit and the line has a fixed unity gain.

The use of the VFX2 controls in the different modes of operation available is described in the following paragraphs.

2.5.1 Control Functions

Although the uses and possible applications of the VFX2 are almost unlimited, the operation of the controls is quite simple. In addition to the **POWER** switch, there are only four types of controls: Attenuator (**LEVEL**), Mode, Range and Vernier. One attenuator (screwdriver-adjusted pot) and one mode switch are provided on the rear panel for each channel. One range and one vernier switch for each of the four filters are provided on the front panel. A simplified, functional block diagram is located on the rear panel of the VFX2 to aid in understanding the operation of the unit. This block diagram is also shown in Figure 2-6.

a. INPUT LEVEL (Attenuator)

The attenuators are screwdriver adjustments located on the rear panel. Each attenuator controls the gain of the adjacent (BALANCED) input. With the input attenuator fully CW, a maximum gain of 15.5 dB is obtained. Minimum gain is unity at full attenuation, fully CCW. The input impedance of the (BALANCED) input is independent of the attenuator (gain) setting.

b. MODE Switch

Two mode switches, one for each channel, are located in the center of the rear panel. These two-position, slide switches are labeled **LOW PASS** — **BANDPASS**. This switch determines the source of the input signal for the low pass filter stage. Set to **LOW PASS**, the input signal is selected directly from the input. Set to **BANDPASS**, the input signal is selected directly after the high pass filter stage. The mode switch affects only the **LOW PASS** outputs, adjacent to the power transformer on the rear panel.

c. RANGE and VERNIER Controls

Four pairs of controls for the four filter sections are located on the front panel. These include one VERNIER potentiometer, and one RANGE switch for each High Pass and Low Pass filter. The controls are used to set the (3 dB) corner frequency for the filters. The VERNIER potentiometer selects the first significant digit (2 to 20) of the selected frequency; the four-position RANGE switch (OFF-X10-X100-X1K) selects the appropriate multiplier.

EXAMPLE: Selected frequency = 30 Hz

- 1. Set VERNIER potentiometer to 3.
- 2. Set RANGE switch to X10.

The corner frequency for the filter is now set to 30 Hz.

Setting the RANGE switch to the OFF position removes the related filter section from the circuit, and allows the signal to pass unfiltered.

d. POWER Switch

A pushbutton switch, located on the right side of the front panel, controls power applied to the VFX2. Depress the POWER switch to apply power; it should lock in the depressed position and a green indicator should show that power is applied. To remove power, depress the **POWER** switch; it should return to the original extended position and the green indicator should disappear.

2.5.2 Setting Hi-Pass Hz Filter Frequency

First, choose the desired (3dB) corner frequency. The high-pass filter will attenuate all signals **below** this frequency. Example: 30 Hz corner frequency

- 1. Set the VERNIER potentiometer to 3.
- 2. Set the RANGE switch to X10.

When the RANGE switch is set to OFF, the signal will pass through the VFX2 unfiltered. Use the **HIGH PASS** OUTPUTS as described in paragraph 2.4.3.

2.5.3 Setting Low-Pass Hz Filter Frequency

First, choose the desired (3db) corner frequency. The low-pass filter will attenuate all signals above this frequency. Example: 6KHz corner frequency

- 1. Set the VERNIER potentiometer to 6.
- 2. Set the RANGE switch to X1K.

When the RANGE switch is set to OFF, the signal will pass through the VFX2 unfiltered. Use the **LOW PASS** OUTPUTS as described in paragraph 2.4.3.

2.5.4 Setting Controls For Bandpass Filter Operation

First, choose the desired upper and lower (3dB) corner frequencies. Set the **lower** of the two corner frequencies on the **HI-PASS Hz** filter controls as shown in paragraph 2.5.2. Set the **higher** of the two corner frequencies on the **LO-PASS Hz** filter controls as shown in paragraph 2.5.3. Set the MODE switches on the rear panel to **FILTER (BANDPASS)**. Use either

the balanced or unbalanced bandpass outputs as described in paragraph 2.4.3 e and f.

2.5.5 Mono (Balanced) Output Application

Any CROWN amplifier can be used with the VFX2 for a mono (balanced output) configuration with no physical modification to the amplifier.

- 1. Select the type of output to be used (high pass, low pass or bandpass).
- 2. Connect the **NORMAL** output from the VFX2 to one amplifier INPUT.

3. Connect the **INVERTED** output from the VFX2 to the other amplifier INPUT.

The mono (balanced output) amplifier signal is now available on the two red binding posts (amplifier outputs). Refer to individual amplifier manuals for mono (balanced) output connections.

NOTE: For maximum output, **both** amplifier level controls should be set at full gain in this configuration.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL

This section contains a detailed description of circuitry operation, test procedures and service information required for a qualified service technician to properly adjust and maintain the VFX2 in optimum operating condition.

3.2 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The VFX2 Dual-Channel Electronic Filter/Crossover consists primarily of two identical channels of active IC operational amplifier tunable filters. Components for each channel are found on a printed circuit board located behind the associated channel front panel controls. The following circuit description applies equally to both channels. Refer to schematic.

The VFX2 also contains two separate internal power supplies which generate regulated +15 VDC and -15 VDC for distribution to all ten dual operational amplifier IC's.

The VFX2 requires about 2 Watts for normal operation. The power supply can be wired for 120 VAC or 240 VAC line voltage and operates on any frequency from 50 Hz to 400 Hz.

3.2.1 Filtering Circuits

The balanced input, a 3-conductor, ¼" phone jack, is applied to IC1A. The IC1A low noise, dual operational amplifier allows use of a transformerless balanced input and provides isolation from filter loading. R8, a 25K ohm attenuator (**LEVEL**) potentiometer, enables control of the gain of IC1A from unity gain at maximum attenuation to 15.5 dB gain at minimum attenuation. The input impedance of the balanced input is completely independent of the gain setting of that input.

Inserting an unbalanced input, a 2-conductor, ¼" phone plug, into the (BALANCED) INPUT jack unbalances the line by grounding the negative input line.

R4, a 500-ohm trim potentiometer in the positive IC1A input line, is factory adjusted for maximum common mode rejection and in normal applications should not be readjusted.

An unbalanced input may be inserted into the **UNITY GAIN** INPUT jack. This input is applied directly to operational amplifier IC1B. The variable attenuator **(LEVEL)** potentiometer, R8, has no effect on this input.

The unity gain output of IC1B is applied to the input circuit of IC2A (HI PASS FILTER) only, or to that circuit plus the input circuit of IC4A (LO PASS FILTER) depending on the position of the CROSSOVER/FILTER mode switch. The IC1B output may also go directly to the LOW PASS OUTPUT jack or the HIGH PASS OUTPUT jack depending on the position of the RANGE switches. Circuit operation for all switch combinations is described below:

a. RANGE Switches, OFF — CROSSOVER/FILTER, Either Position

With the RANGE switches in OFF, the unity gain output of IC1B bypasses all filtering circuits and appears as a flat output at the HI and LO PASS OUTPUT jacks. Operational amplifier IC3B creates an inverted output at the HI PASS INVERTED OUTPUT jack and IC5B creates an inverted output at the LO PASS INVERTED OUTPUT jack.

b. RANGE Switches (X10, X100, X1K), Mode Sw in CROSSOVER

The RANGE switch determines the appropriate group of 5% matched capacitors to be used in the filter. See Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1
RANGE SWITCH CAPACITOR GROUPS

| RANGE SW POSITION | HI RANGE | | LO RANGE | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------|
| X10 | C3, C6, C9 | .47 mfd | C16, C19, C22 | .47 mfd |
| X100 | C4, C7, C10 | .047 mfd | C15, C18, C21 | |
| X1K | C5, C8, C11 | .0047 mfd | C14, C17, C20 | |

The HI VERNIER potentiometer (R14, R16, R18) and LO VERNIER potentiometer (R23, R25, R27) consist of matched sets of three 15K-ohm resistive elements used to determine the location of the desired corner frequency of the filter. Refer to paragraph 2.5.1 for the proper method of using the VERNIER/RANGE controls to select the corner frequency for the filters.

The signal from IC1B is applied through selected RC filter components to dual operational amplifier IC2A, which, along with IC2B and IC3A, forms a 3-pole, high-pass, 18 dB/octave Butterworth filter. This produces the non-inverted HI PASS OUTPUT. Operational amplifier IC3B creates the HI PASS INVERTED OUTPUT.

The HI PASS OUTPUT signal from IC3A is also applied through the mode switch to the selected RC filter components to dual operational amplifier IC4A, which, with IC4B and IC5A, forms a 3-pole, low-pass, 18 dB/octave Butterworth filter. This filter produces the non-inverted LO PASS OUTPUT. Operational amplifier IC5B creates the LO PASS INVERTED OUTPUT.

c. CROSSOVER (Low Pass), FILTER (Bandpass) Switches

The rear panel mode switches select either a LOW PASS or BANDPASS output at the LOW PASS OUTPUT jacks. With the mode switch in CROSSOVER (LOW PASS), the input, from IC1B, is tied directly to the LOW PASS filter section; in FILTER (BANDPASS), the output of the HI PASS filter signal, from IC3A, is tied directly to the LOW PASS filter section.

3.2.2 Power Supply Circuits

AC power is applied to the power transformer, which may be wired for either 120 VAC or 240 VAC operation. The AC input line is fused with a 3AG 1/8 A fuse for 120 VAC or an AGC 1/16 A fuse for 240 VAC. The bridge rectifier, D1-D4, together with C1, R1, Q1 and Zener D5 provides a regulated +15VDC; the bridge rectifier and C2, R2, Q2 and Zener D6 provide a regulated -15 VDC. The +15 VDC is applied to pin 8 and the -15 VDC is applied to pin 4 of all dual operational amplifier IC's.

3.3 TEST PROCEDURES

This paragraph lists precautions essential to obtain accurate test measurements when dealing with high-purity filtering equipment such as the VFX2.

- 1. Use the proper line voltage (120 VAC or 240 VAC) for which the power supply has been wired for normal operation. The line voltage should be measured with a peak reading AC voltmeter and adjusted to the rms equivalent voltage.
- 2. The input LEVEL controls (attenuators) should be set to maximum for all distortion tests to assure repeatability of all test measurements. Filter settings may greatly change distortion measurements (usually reducing these measurements and many times making them invalid). Most distortion measurements should be made with the RANGE switches set to OFF, for the same reason.
- **3.** When measuring hum and noise, all inputs should be disconnected from the VFX2 and the LEVEL (attenuator) controls set to minimum (or to maximum for certain tests).
- **4.** Always monitor the test oscillator when measuring frequency response. Use a wideband AC voltmeter or use the same meter for both input and output level measurements, if the meter's frequency response is known not to be dependent on attenuator settings.
- **5.** Residual distortion and noise levels should be fully known for all test equipment in order to accurately evaluate the performance of the VFX2.
- 6. Never measure hum and noise when in the presence of strong magnetic fields. The VFX2 should be at least 4 inches from any large metallic objects or shield plates for a reading to be meaningful.
- **7.** Noise measurement should be taken with the output bandpass filtered for 20Hz 20KHz. For audio purposes the measurement of noise above 20KHz is meaningless.

3.4 SERVICE POLICIES Due to the sophisticated circuitry, only a fully-trained competent service technician should be allowed to service the VFX2 Dual-Channel Crossover/Filter. User servicing should be confined to routine replacement of the fuse on the rear panel. For other service, it is recommended that the unit be returned to the factory or to an authorized CROWN warranty center in the original packing or replacement packing obtained from the CROWN factory. The CROWN warranty is described in paragraph 1.4. For warranty service the unit must be returned to the factory or approved warranty stations.

Many parts are standard items stocked by local electronics supply houses. However, some parts which appear to be standard parts are actually selected by CROWN from standard parts. Best results will be obtained with CROWN factory replacement parts, although standard parts may be

used in an emergency. A number of the parts are special and are available only from CROWN.

When ordering parts, be sure to give the VFX2 model and serial number as well as the part number and description of the parts ordered. If possible, include schematic "reference designation" of parts ordered.

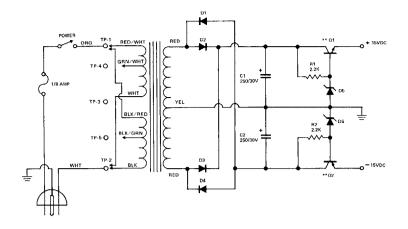
Before returning a VFX2 unit to the factory for service, authorization should be obtained from the service manager. All shipments must be sent by UPS, or truck freight, and should be insured at total value. Shipments should be made at CROWN's expense. The factory will return your serviced unit by UPS or truck freight, prepaid, and will add C.O.D. charges only in the event that the cost is **not** covered by registered warranty. Rated firms will be billed, otherwise shipments will be C.O.D.

| Schematic Designation | Description | Crown Part # | Other Information |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| | MAIN FILTER MODULE | 41670 | Two used per unit |
| | Resistors | | |
| R3 | 10.2K ¼ watt 1% film | 2344 | |
| R4 | 500 ohm trim pot | 3668 | |
| R5, R21, R22, R31, R32 | 10K ¼ watt 1% film | 2343 | |
| R6, R7, R10, R11 | 4.12K ¼ watt 1% film | 3119 | |
| R9 | 620 ohm ¼ watt 10% | 3872 | |
| R12 | 1M ohm ¼ watt 5% | 3198 | |
| R13, R15, R17, R24, R26, R28 | 1.6K ohm ¼ watt 10% | 3873 | |
| R14-16-18 R23-25-27 | 15K ohm linear pot | 3870 | 3 sections |
| R19, R20 | | | |
| R29, R30 | 100 ohm ¼ watt 10% | 2872 | |
| R33, R34 | 47 ohm ¼ watt 5% | 1011 | |
| R35 | 1K ohm ¼ watt 10% | 2627 | |
| | Capacitors | | |
| C3, C6, C9 C16, C19, C22 | .47 MF 100V poly | 4119 | Sel. 5% |
| C4, C7, C10, C15, C18, C21 | .047 MF 200V Filmatic mylar | 3978 | Sel. 5% |
| C5, C8, C11, C14, C17, C20 | .0047 MF 200V poly | 3996 | Sel. 5% |
| C12, C13, C23, C24 | 25 MF 15V NP Vertical | 3186 | |
| | Semiconductors | | |
| IC-1,2,3,4,5 | RC 4558 Dual op amp | 3919 | |
| | Miscellaneous | | |
| | 8 pin DIL IC socket | 3451 | Used to mount all IC's |
| | 3P 4 position Rotary switch | 3871 | High and Lo range switch |
| | Blank PC board | 9626 | All holes drilled |
| | Diodes | | |
| D7,8,9,10,11,12 | 1N4148 | 3181 | |

| Schematic Designation | Description | Crown Part # | Other Information |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | POWER SUPPLY BOARD ASSEMBLY | 41360 | One used per unit |
| | Resistors | | |
| R1, R2 | 2.2K ohm ¼ watt 10% | 2628 | |
| | Capacitors | | |
| C1, C2 | 250 MF 35V Vertical | 3787 | |
| | Semiconductors | | |
| Q1 | Selected 2N3859A | 2961 | |
| Q2 | MPSA56 | 3954 | |
| D1, D2, D3, D4 | 1N4148 | 3181 | · |
| D5, D6 | 1N966B 16V zener | 3533 | |
| | Miscellaneous | | |
| | Dual TO-92 cooler | 3493 | Mounts over Q1, Q2 |
| | Blank power supply PC board | 9515 | All holes drilled |
| | BACK CHASSIS ASSEMBLY | 41361 | Not available — for reference only |
| | Resistors | | |
| R8 | 25K ohm reverse taper pot | 4209 | Input level controls |
| | Miscellaneous, Hardware | | |
| | VFX back chassis | 9514 | |
| | VFX power cord 3 #18 male | 3474 | |
| | Heyco strain relief | 2803 | Secures power cord |
| | HTA fuseholder | 3256 | |
| | 3AG 1/4 amp fuse | 3228 | |
| | AGC 1/16 amp fuse | 3707 | For 240 VAC use |
| | 46P38B power transformer | 4202 | |
| | 8-32 x 3/8 THP screw | 2155 | Fastens one side of transformer |
| | 8-32 x ¾ THP screw | 2270 | Fastens remaining side of transformer |
| | #8 internal star lockwasher | 1951 | Used over 2155 & 2270 |
| | Nylon spacer | 2762 | Used over 2270 to secure power supply board |
| | 8-32 hex nut | 1986 | Used over 2155 & 2270 |
| | SPDT trigger slide switch | 3011 | Filter-crossover switch |
| | 2-G-1 terminal strip | 1317 | Mounts on right side of chassis |
| | Fish paper insulator | 3599 | Mounts under 1317 |
| | 5/32 steel eyelets | 3529 | Used to mount 3011 & 1317 |
| | #6 internal star lockwasher | 1823 | Mounts terminal strip |

| Schematic Designation | Description | Crown Part # | Other Information |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| | 6-32 x ¼" BHP screw | 1954 | Mounts terminal strip |
| | ¼" control nut | 3040 | Used to mount input level controls |
| | 1/4" internal star lockwasher | 2365 | Used to mount input level controls |
| | 112A 2 cond Hi-D jack | 3423 | Output jacks |
| | N112B 3 cond Hi-D jack | 3507 | Balanced input jacks |
| | N112A 2 cond Hi-D jack | 3631 | Unity gain input jacks |
| | 3/8" internal star lockwashers | 2188 | Mount input, output jacks |
| | Control Bright washer | 2189 | Mount input, output jacks |
| | Control Bright nut | 1288 | Mount input, output jacks |
| | FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY | 41671 | Not available — for reference only |
| | Miscellaneous, Hardware | | and the second string |
| | Front panel | 9608 | |
| | 16½" Front panel edge | 4094 | Mounts on top and bottom of front panel |
| | Carrier strip | 3638 | Slips into channel in 4094 houses 4 hex nuts |
| | 6-32 hex nuts | 1889 | 4 mount in each carrier strip. Used to secure covers |
| | Rack mount assembly | 41667 | Mounts to 4094 at both sides of front panel. Includes 2 stud 10-32 screws |
| | 6-32 x ½ SCP screw | 2109 blk | Fasten front panel assy, to front panel edge |
| | Large washers | 1311 | Mount over vernier controls |
| | 3/8" internal star washers | 2188 | Mount over all front panel controls |
| | Control Bright washers | 2189 | Fasten PC boards to front panel |
| | Control Bright nuts | 1288 | Fasten PC boards to front panel |
| | 10-32 hex nuts | 2170 | Fasten rack mounts to rear chassis |
| | Control knob | 9641 | Used on all front panel controls |
| | 4-40 x ¼" SSET screw | 4163 | |
| | 1P 1 Pos. rotary power switch | 3492 | |
| | Labels, Covers, Misc. | | |
| | Cover caution label | 2862 | |
| | Serial number plate | 4183 | |
| | Top and bottom cover | 9517 | |
| | #8 x 3/8 #6 PHSMT screw | 3319 blk | Fastens covers to back chassis |

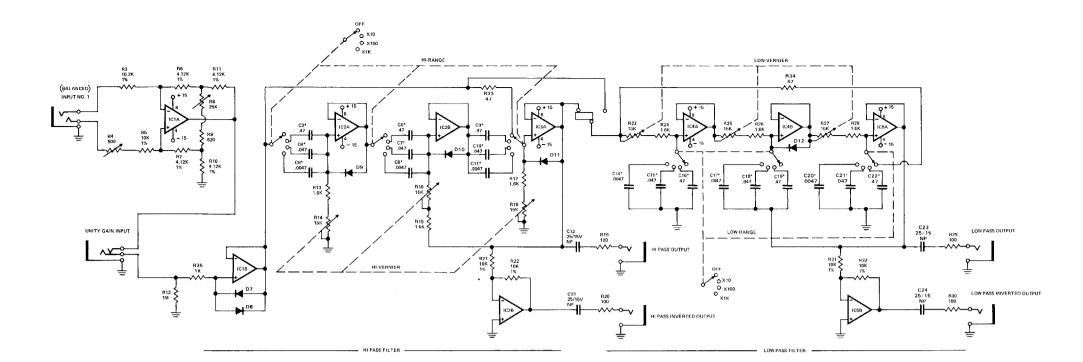
| Schematic Designation | Description | Crown Part # | Other Information |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| | 6-32 x 3/16 BHP screw | 2008 | Fastens covers to front panel carrier strips |
| | VFX smoked acrylic overlay | 9569 | Mounts over front panel |
| | 10-32 panel washer-thumbscrew assy | .20032 | |
| | Alternate Method of Mounting: | | |
| | 10-32/8-32 adaptor stud | 3908 | 10-32 end mounts VFX-2 to cabinet or rack |
| | Small panel washer | 2101 | Mounts over 10-32 end of 3908 stud |
| | Black hand nuts 8-32 | 3909 | Used to secure the overlay on the 8-32 end of 3908 stud |
| | VFX shipping carton | 3875 | |
| | VFX styrofoam inner pack | 3876 | |
| | Rack mount brackets | 4095 | |



POWER SUPPLY SHOWN WIRED FOR 120VAC. FOR OPERATION AT ANOTHER LINE VOLTAGE FOLLOW CONVERSION CHART BELOW. SELECT THE CORRECT VOLTAGE: CAREFULLY IDENTIFY ALL WIRES BEFORE PROCEEDING.

NOTE: ONLY FOUR TRANSFORMER PRIMARY WIRES ARE USED FOR ANY VOLTAGE CONFIGURATION. THESE WIRES ARE SOLDERED TO AN ADJACENT TERMINAL STRIP. (TP-1, TP-2 AND TP-3) THE REMAINING TWO WIRES (UNUSED) ARE SOLDERED TO AN EXTRA TERMINAL STRIP (TP-4 AND TP-5).

| VOLTAGE | TP-1 | TP-2 | TP-3 | TP-4 | TP-5 |
|---------|------------------|----------|--------------|---------|---------|
| 100 | BLK/GRN, GRN/WHT | WHT, BLK | _ | RED/WHT | BLK/RED |
| 120 | BLK/RED, RED/WHT | WHT, BLK | _ | GRN/WHT | BLK/GRN |
| 200 | GRN/WHT | BLK | BLK/GRN, WHT | RED/WHT | BLK/RED |
| 220 | RED/WHT | BLK | BLK/GRN, WHT | GRN/WHT | BLK/RED |
| 240 | RED/WHT | BLK | BLK/RED, WHT | GRN/WHT | BLK/GRN |





GENERAL

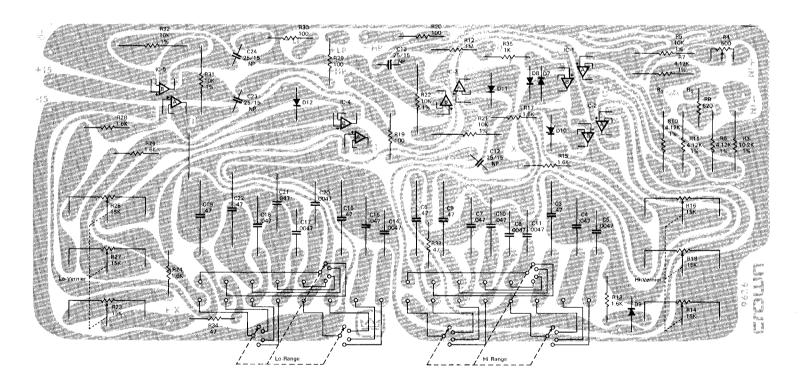
- SCHEMATIC MI-258A APPLIES ONLY TO PC BOARD #9626;
 STARTS S/N 1752.
- ALL RESISTORS IN OHMS, ALL CAPACITORS IN MICRO-FARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

SCHEMATIC

- WIRE COLOR CODES ARE GIVEN FOR THE MAIN POWER
- * CAPACITORS SELECTED TO 5% TOLERANCE.
- ** TRANSISTORS MOUNTED UNDER A DUAL HEAT SINK CLIP.

PC BOARD LAYOUTS

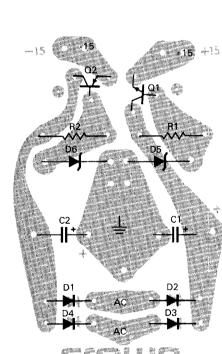
- ALL PC BOARDS SHOWN FROM FOIL SIDE.
 TWO MAIN BOARDS REQUIRED PER UNIT.
- INPUT LEVEL CONTROL, R8, CONNECTED BETWEEN POINTS R1 -R1.
- FILTER-CROSSOVER SWITCH CONNECTED BETWEEN POINTS F- FX X.
- CAPACITORS C3 TO C11, AND C14 TO C22 ARE SUPPLIED IN ONE OF TWO PACKAGES, THUS THE DUAL MOUNTING HOLES.



VFX-2

DUAL CHANNEL ELECTRONIC FILTER/CROSSOVER

MI-258A



.#4.#.2 9515